Michigan Dept. of Treasury 496 Rev. 06/08)

#### **Auditing Procedures Report**

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended.

Unit Name Township of Roxand	County Eaton	Type Township	Municode
Opinion Date June 5, 2008	Audit Submitted July 17, 2008	Fiscal Year	March 31, 2008

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answer "No".

$\boxtimes$	1.	Are all required componer reporting entity notes to the		cal unit included in the financial stateme	ents and/or disclosed in the
$\boxtimes$	2.	Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?			
	3.	3. Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?			
$\boxtimes$	4.	Is this unit in compliance	with the Uniform Chart of Acco	ounts issued by the Department of Tre	asury?
$\boxtimes$	5.	Did the local unit adopt a	budget for all required funds?		
$\boxtimes$	6.	Was a public hearing on t	he budget held in accordance	with State statute?	
$\boxtimes$	7.		nce with the Revised Municipal ued by the Local Audit and Fina	Finance Act, an order issued under the ance Division?	Emergency Municipal Loan Act,
$\boxtimes$	8.	Has the local unit distribution property tax act?	ted tax revenues, that were co	ollected for another taxing unit, timely a	as required by the general
	9.	Do all deposits/investmen	nts comply with statutory requi	rements including the adoption of an i	nvestment policy?
$\boxtimes$	Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)			ed in the Bulletin for Audits of Local	
$\boxtimes$	11.			s that came to your attention during the ce Division? (If there is such activity, pl	
	12.	Is the local unit free of repe	eated reported deficiencies from	previous years?	
$\boxtimes$	13.	Is the audit opinion unqual	ified? 14. If	not, what type of opinion is it?	
$\boxtimes$	15.	Has the local unit complied	with GASB 34 and other gene	rally accepted accounting principles (GA	AP)?
$\boxtimes$	16.	Has the board or council a	pproved all disbursements prior	r to payment as required by charter or st	atute?
$\boxtimes$	17.	To your knowledge, were t	he bank reconciliations that we	re reviewed performed timely?	
$\boxtimes$	18.	Are there reported deficie	encies?	19. If so, was it attached to the audit	report?
				]	
Gene	ral Fu	und Revenue	\$ 334,287	General Fund Balance	\$ 599,136
Gene	ral Fu	und Expenditure	349,554	Governmental Activities	
Maio	Major Fund Deficit Amount Long-Term Debt (see instructions) -0-		-0-		

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (Reported deviations).

CPA (First Name) Karl L.	Last Name Drake	Ten Digit License Number 1101016526			
CPA Street Address 3775 Kimmel Rd	City Horton	State MI Zip Code 49246 Telephone 517-937-93			
CPA Firm Name Karl L. Drake, P.C.	Unit's Street Address 377	5 Kimmel Rd City Horton		Zip Code 49246	

## TOWNSHIP OF ROXAND

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**MARCH 31, 2008** 

## **TOWNSHIP OF ROXAND**

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## Karl L. Drake, P.C.

**Certified Public Accountant** 

3775 Kimmel Road Horton, Michigan 49246 (517) 937-9333 Phone / 563-2552 Fax Email: kdrakecpa@gmail.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Township Board Township of Roxand Eaton County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Roxand, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Roxand's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with United States generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Roxand as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2008, on our consideration of the Township of Roxand's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

#### Township Board Township of Roxand

The administration's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and page 23 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Roxand's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Karl L. Drake, P.C.

Certified Public Accountant

Karl Z Denle

June 5, 2008

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Township of Roxand's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. It is best read in conjunction with the Township's financial statements that follow this section.

#### **Using This Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Township of Roxand financially as a whole. The *Government-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the entire Township, presenting both an aggregate view of the Township's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant fund - the General Fund - with all other funds presented in one column as non-major funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net assets, presents financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as an agent for the benefit of others.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Budgetary Information for the General Fund (Required Supplemental Information)

Other Supplemental Information

#### Reporting The Township As A Whole - Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Township is, "As a whole, what is the Township's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities, which appear first in the Township's financial statements, report information on the Township as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. These statements are prepared to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Township's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net assets - as one way to measure the Township's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net assets - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Township's operating results. However, the Township's goal is to provide services to residents, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors to assess the overall health of the Township.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities report the governmental activities for the Township, which encompass all of the Township's services, including general government, public safety, public works, and community enrichment. Property taxes and State Revenue Sharing finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting The Township's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The Township's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Township as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Township establishes funds as needed to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it's meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the Township use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the Township's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing money inflows and outflow and the balances remaining at year-end that is available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the Township and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Reporting The Township's Fiduciary Responsibilities -The Township As Trustee

The Township is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its tax collection and agency funds. All of the Township's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the Township's other financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### The Township As A Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the Township as a whole. Table I provides a summary of the Township's net assets as of March 31, 2008 and 2007:

TABLE I	Governmental Activities (In Thousands)		
A CONTROL	2008	2007	
ASSETS			
Current and other assets Capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 600.2 418.9	\$ 615.4 363.9	
TOTAL ASSETS	1,019.1	979.3	
LIABILITIES  Current liabilities  Long-term liabilities	0.0	0.0 0.0	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0.0	0.0	
NET ASSETS  Invested in property and equipment - Net of related debt	418.9	363.9	
Restricted Unrestricted	0.0 600.2	0.0 615.4	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,019.1	\$ 979.3	

The above analysis focuses on the net assets (see Table I). The change in net assets (see Table 2) of the Township's governmental activities is discussed below. Township's net assets were \$1,019.1 thousand at March 31, 2008. Capital assets, net of related debt totaling \$418.9 thousand compares the original cost, less depreciation of the Township's capital assets to long-term debt, including accrued interest on capital appreciation bonds, used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Township's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net assets (\$600.2 thousand) was unrestricted.

The \$600.2 thousand in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net assets from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the Township as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see Table 2), which shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities (In Thousands)		
REVENUE	2008	2007	
Program Revenue			
Charges for services Grants and categoricals	\$ 8.4 0.0	\$ 6.8 0.0	
General Revenue			
Property taxes State Shared Revenue Other	177.1 96.1 52.7	169.6 95.7 46.6	
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 334.3	\$ 318.7	

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

	(In The	ousands)
FUNCTION/PROGRAM EXPENSES	2008	2007
General Government	\$ 114.1	\$ 86.1
Public Safety	90.6	83.5
Public Works	53.5	75.7
Community Enrichment	0.0	0.0
Depreciation (unallocated)	36.3	33.9
TOTAL FUNCTION/PROGRAM EXPENSES	294.5	279.2
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	\$ 39.8	\$ 39.5

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of governmental activities this year was \$294.5 thousand. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$8.4 thousand) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and categoricals (\$0.0 thousand). The remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities was paid with \$177.1 thousand in taxes, \$96.1 thousand in State Revenue Sharing, and with our other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

The Township experienced an increase in net assets of \$39.8 thousand. The key reason for the change in net assets was controlling expenditures. The increase in net assets differs from the change in fund balance and a reconciliation appears on page 13.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the Township's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and State Revenue Sharing constitute the vast majority of the Township's operating revenue sources, the Township Board must annually evaluate the needs of the Township and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

#### The Township's Funds

As we noted earlier, the Township uses funds to help it control and manage money for certain purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the Township is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the Township's overall financial health.

As the Township completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$600.1 thousand, which is a decrease of \$15.3 thousand from last year. The primary reason for the decrease is fire department capital expenditures. The General Fund, the principal operating fund, saw the fund balance decrease \$15,267 to \$599,136, which is greater than the budgeted decrease of \$97,470.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Township amends its budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the Township's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

#### **Capital Asset And Debt Administration**

#### Capital Asset

At March 31, 2008, the Township had \$418.9 thousand invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and disposals) of approximately \$55.0 thousand or 15 percent over last year.

	2008	2007
Land	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Buildings Improvements	71,192 17,244	71,192 17,244
Vehicles Equipment	479,600 151,665	493,094 133,589
Total Capital Assets	724,701	720,119
Less Accumulated Depreciation	305,704	356,186
Net Capital Assets	\$ 418,997	\$ 363,933

#### **Economic Factors And Next Year's Budgets And Rates**

The elected officials and administration considered many factors when setting the Township's 2008-09 fiscal year budget.

Because the Township's revenue is heavily dependent on State Shared Revenue, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to Townships. The State periodically holds a revenue consensus conference to estimate revenues. Based on the results of the most recent conference, the State estimates funds are sufficient to fund the appropriation.

The Township's budget is very similar to the prior year. Interest rates on the Township's savings accounts should increase slightly, providing slightly higher interest revenues. The Township's taxable value will be higher, increasing the property tax revenues. Expenditures will be very consistent with last year.

#### **Contacting The Township's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the Township's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors of the Township of Roxand with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Township Clerk, P.O. Box 127, 100 Ionia Street, Mulliken, Michigan 48861.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

#### **MARCH 31, 2008**

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenditures	\$ 587,198 12,975
Total Current Assets	600,173
Non-current Assets	
Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	724,701 - <i>305,704</i>
Total Non-current Assets	418,997
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,019,170
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities  Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Expenses Accrued Interest Deferred Revenue	\$ 37  
Total Current Liabilities	37
Non-current Liabilities	
Bonds Payable Compensated Absences and Severance Pay	
Total Non-current Liabilities	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	37
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted	418,997  600,136
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1,019,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 1,019,170

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

		Program I	Revenues	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating <u>Grants</u>	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities				
General Government Public Safety Public Works Community Enrichment Interest on Long-Term Debt Depreciation (Unallocated) Total Governmental Activities	\$ 114,053 90,639 53,545  36,253 \$ 294,490	\$ 8,425   \$ 8,425	\$     \$	\$ -114,053 -90,639 -45,120  -36,253 \$ -286,065
General Revenue				
Taxes Property Taxes, Levied for Gene Property Taxes, Levied for Debt State of Michigan Aid, Unrestrice	Service			\$ 177,063  96,148
Interest Earnings				14,274
Other				38,377
Total General Revenue				325,862
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS				39,797
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF Y	YEAR			979,336
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR				\$ 1,019,133

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

## **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **MARCH 31, 2008**

	General	Other Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units Due from Other Funds Inventories	\$ 586,198 12,975  	\$ 1,000   	\$ 587,198 12,975  
Prepaid Expenditures			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 599,173	\$ 1,000	\$ 600,173
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Withholdings Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue	\$ 37	\$  	\$ 37 
TOTAL LIABILITIES	37		37
FUND BALANCES			
Reserved for Inventories Unreserved, Designated Unreserved and Undesignated	 599,136	1,000	 600,136
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	599,136	1,000	600,136
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 599,173	\$ 1,000	\$ 600,173
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES			\$ 600,136
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are di Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and a Cost of the Capital Assets is Accumulated Depreciation is			\$ 724,701 -305,704
Long-term Liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not Bonds Payable Compensated absences	reported in the f	fund	418,997  
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds			
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$ 1,019,133

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

## STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	a .	Other	
EVENUE	General	Funds	Totals
EVENUE			
Property Taxes	\$ 177,063	\$	\$ 177,063
State Grants	96,148		96,148
Charges for Services	8,425		8,425
Interest	14,234	40	14,274
Other	38,377		38,377
TOTAL REVENUE	334,247	40	334,287
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	97,444		97,444
Public Safety	90,639		90,639
Public Works	53,545		53,545
Recreational and Cultural			
Debt Service			
Capital Outlay	107,926		107,926
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	349,554		349,554
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER < UNDER > EXPENDITURES	-15,307	40	-15,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES < USES>			
Operating Transfers In	40		40
Operating Transfers Out		-40	-40
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES <i><uses></uses></i>	40	-40	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-15,267		-15,267
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	614,403	1,000	615,403
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 599,136	\$ 1,000	\$ 600,136

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	-15,267
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
- Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.			
Depreciation Expense	-36,253		
Capital Outlay	91,317	_	
			55,064
<ul> <li>Accrued interest is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred;</li> <li>it is not reported in governmental funds until paid</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Uncollected property tax revenue is deferred in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities</li> </ul>			
- Compensated absences are included in expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$	39,797

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

## **MARCH 31, 2008**

	Tax C	Collection
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Governments Due From Other Funds	\$	-37  37
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	
LIABILITIES		
Due to Other Funds	\$	
Due to Other Entities		
Due to Other Taxing Units		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Township conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Township of Roxand covers an area of approximately 36 square miles located in Eaton County, Michigan. The Township operates under an elected Board of Trustees consisting of five members and provides various services to its residents.

As defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 14, the financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The primary government has financial accountability if it:

- 1. appoints a voting majority of the organization's board, and has the ability to impose its will on the organization; or
- 2. there is a potential for the component unit to provide certain financial benefits to, or impose certain financial burdens on, the primary government.

Based on the above criteria, no additional organizations or entities are included in these financial statements.

#### **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

**Fund Based Statements** - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and severance pay, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>CEMETERY TRUST FUND</u> - The Cemetery Trust Fund is maintained for perpetual care donations at the Township cemetery. Interest generated from these donations is transferred to the General Fund to offset the cost of perpetual care.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - These funds, used to account for assets held in trust or as an agent for others, include Current Tax Collection Fund and Agency Fund.

#### C. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The General Fund is under formal budgetary control. Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Amendments are by action of the Board.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### C. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18 (1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the Township for these budgetary funds were adopted at the functional level.

#### D. PROPERTY TAXES

Real and personal property taxes are assessed as of December 31, and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1 of the subsequent year. Taxes are due and payable as of February 28. The County of Eaton prepares the tax bills for the Township, and the Township collects the taxes prior to return to the County. The property tax revenues in the accompanying financial statements were recognized as those levied during the year.

All unpaid taxes become delinquent after February 28, at which time the uncollected real taxes are returned to Eaton County for collection and to be added to the delinquent tax rolls. The County of Eaton purchases delinquent real property taxes of the Township of Roxand. The County sells tax notes, the proceeds of which are used to pay the Township for the taxes. This is expected to take place in June 2008. These taxes have been recorded as revenue for the current year.

The Township is authorized to assess 1 mill for general operations. Millage rates levied for 2007 were .8574 mills for operations. Total taxable value of real and personal property in the Township was \$52,774,400.

The Township is responsible for the collection of delinquent personal property taxes.

#### E. CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Township considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### F. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Township does not require collateral to support financial instruments subject to credit risk.

#### G. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

#### H. FUND EQUITY

Reservations of fund balance represent these portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

#### I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g. streets, bridges, drains) are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value materially extended asset life are not capitalized.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	15-50 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Other equipment	5-20 years

#### J. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### K. TOTAL COLUMNS ON COMBINED STATEMENTS

Total columns on the Combined Statements are captioned (Memo Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### L. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

#### A. LEGAL OR CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The Michigan Political Subdivisions Act No. 20, Public Acts of 1943, as amended by Act No. 217, Public Acts of 1982, states the Township, by resolution, may authorize investment of surplus funds as follows:

- 1. In bonds and other direct obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- 2. In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or a savings and loan association, which a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; or a credit union, which is insured by the National Credit Union Association; but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union complies with Subsection (2).
- 3. In commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 2 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. Not more than 50% of any fund may be invested in commercial paper at any time.
- 4. In United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- 5. In bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Township is in compliance with State law regarding their cash deposits.

The Township maintains all of its cash deposits at two banks.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3 risk disclosures for the Township's cash deposits are as follows:

Deposits	Book Value	Carrying Amounts
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured & Uncollateralized	\$ 200,000 387,198	\$ 200,000 391,184
Total Deposits	\$ 587,198	\$ 591,184

The differences between the book value and the bank carrying amounts are caused by deposits in transit and outstanding checks.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCUMULATED FUND DEFICITS**

There were no accumulated fund deficits at March 31, 2008.

#### **NOTE 4 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS**

The following were due to/due from other funds at March 31, 2008.

Due from	General Fund	\$ 37
Due to	Tax Collection Fund	\$ 37

#### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity of the Township's Governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance		Disposals and	Balance
	April 1, 2007	Additions	Adjustments	March 31, 2008
Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,000	\$	\$	\$ 5,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	71,192			71,192
Improvements	17,244			17,244
Vehicles	493,094	73,241	86,735	479,600
Equipment	133,589	18,076		151,665
Subtotal	715,119	91,317	86,735	719,701
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	40,994	2,286		43,280
Improvements	1,927	1,373		3,300
Vehicles	242,300	21,665	86,735	177,230
Equipment	70,965	10,929		81,894
Subtotal	356,186	36,253	86,735	305,704
Net capital assets being depreciated	358,933	55,064		413,997
Net capital assets	\$ 363,933	\$ 55,064	\$	\$ 418,997

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the Township considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 6 - EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Township incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted as follows:

	Budget	Actual	Excess
Public Safety	\$ 84,187	\$ 90,639	\$ 6,452
Capital Outlay	36,986	107,926	70,940

#### **NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN**

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Township did not participate in any retirement plan.

#### NOTE 8 - ACCUMULATED SICK AND VACATION PAY

Amounts accumulated for accrued sick and vacation pay are immaterial and have not been entered in the accounting records.

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION**

The Township is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the past several years the Township has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies and has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. At March 31, 2008, no claims exist, and no provision has been entered into the accounting records.

A former employee has sued the Township for wrongful discharge. The Township's insurance company is administering the lawsuit. Township officials believe there will be no liability to the Township.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	
REVENUE				
Property Taxes	\$ 116,500	\$ 116,500	\$ 177,063	\$ 60,563
State Revenue	93,000	93,000	96,148	3,148
Charges for Services	7,050	7,050	8,425	1,375
Interest	7,371	7,371	14,234	6,863
Other	25,600	25,600	38,377	12,777
Transfers In			40	40
TOTAL REVENUE	249,521	249,521	334,287	84,766
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	121,659	121,659	97,444	24,215
Public Safety	84,187	84,187	90,639	-6,452
Public Works	104,159	104,159	53,545	50,614
Recreation and Culture				
Debt Service				
Capital Outlay	36,986	36,986	107,926	-70,940
Other Uses - Operating Transfers Out				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	346,991	346,991	349,554	-2,563
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER < <i>UNDER</i> > EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	-97,470	-97,470	-15,267	82,203
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE - April 1, 2007	614,403	614,403	614,403	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2008	\$ 516,933	\$ 516,933	\$ 599,136	\$ 82,203

OTHER SUPP	LEMENTAL	INFORMATION
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## **TOWNSHIP OF ROXAND**

**GENERAL FUND** 

## COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

## MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

	200	)8	200	)7
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 580	5,198	\$ 601	1,993
Taxes Receivable	12	2,975	12	2,400
Due from Other Funds				10
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 599	9,173	\$ 614	<u>1,403</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Funds	\$	37	\$	
FUND EQUITY	599	9,136	614	1,403
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 599	9,173	\$ 614	1,403

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

	2008	2007
REVENUE		
Taxes	\$ 177,063	\$ 169,575
State Revenue	96,148	95,692
Charges for Services	8,425	6,786
Interest	14,234	13,899
Other	38,377	32,722
TOTAL REVENUE	334,247	318,674
EXPENDITURES		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		
Salaries and Wages	41,893	39,107
Payroll Taxes	3,195	2,931
Repairs and Maintenance	709	428
Office Supplies and Expense	7,689	5,995
Elections	2,145	1,281
Legal Fees	612	
Utilities	3,281	3,263
Library	10,030	9,487
Insurance	9,190	8,000
Auditor	3,600	3,750
Assessor	12,136	10,800
Board of Review	867	
Ambulance		
Telephone	1,845	811
Miscellaneous	252	250
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	97,444	86,103
PUBLIC SAFETY - FIRE		
Salaries and Wages	19,900	23,411
Payroll Taxes	1,522	1,791
Office	5,828	3,359
Telephone	568	443
Utilities	5,115	4,541
Repairs and Maintenance	32,480	15,594
Insurance	20,831	22,538
Gas	862	6,137
Training	3,380	5,362
Miscellaneous	153	304
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	90,639	83,480

	2008	2007
PUBLIC WORKS		
Cemetery		
Salaries and Wages Payroll Taxes Office Supplies Insurance Repairs and Maintenance	\$ 14,606 1,117 238 723 5,248	\$ 14,112 1,080 1,260 676 4,924
Utilities Openings Equipment Rental Miscellaneous	2,086 2,480  934	265 1,960  659
Total Cemetery	27,432	24,936
Roads	26,113	50,742
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS	53,545	75,678
DEBT SERVICE		
CAPITAL OUTLAY	107,926	10,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	349,554	255,761
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER < UNDER> EXPENDITURES	-15,307	62,913
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Operating Transfer In	40	31
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER <i><under< i="">&gt; EXPENDITURES</under<></i>	-15,267	62,944
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	614,403	551,459
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 599,136	\$ 614,403

## **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET**

#### **MARCH 31, 2008**

	General	Cen	netery	Fire	Roads	Total
ASSETS			-			
Cash	\$ 233,649	\$	8,086	\$ 251,438	\$ 93,025	\$ 586,198
Taxes Receivable				9,726	3,249	12,975
Due from Other Funds						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 233,649	\$	8,086	\$ 261,164	\$ 96,274	\$ 599,173
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
LIABILITIES						
Due to Other Funds	\$ 37	\$		\$	\$	\$ 37
FUND EQUITY	233,612		8,086	261,164	96,274	599,136
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 233,649	\$	8,086	\$ 261,164	\$ 96,274	\$ 599,173

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND TRANSFERS, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

DEVENTE	General	Cemetery	Fire	Roads	Total
REVENUE					
Taxes	\$ 3,594	\$	\$ 128,254	\$ 45,215	\$ 177,063
State Revenue	96,148				96,148
Charges for Services		8,425			8,425
Interest	8,252	40	4,805	1,137	14,234
Other	6,320		31,845	212	38,377
TOTAL REVENUE	114,314	8,465	164,904	46,564	334,247
TRANSFERS IN < <i>OUT</i> >	-22,037	19,243	3,045	-211	40
TOTAL REVENUE/TRANSFERS	92,277	27,708	167,949	46,353	334,287
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and Wages	41,893	14,606	19,900		76,399
Payroll Taxes	3,195	1,117	1,522		5,834
Office Supplies	7,689	238	5,828		13,755
Elections	2,145				2,145
Library	10,030				10,030
Legal Fees	612				612
Insurance	9,190	723	20,831		30,744
Auditor	3,600				3,600
Assessor	12,136				12,136
Repairs and Maintenance	709	5,248	32,480		38,437
Utilities	3,281	2,086	5,115		10,482
Board of Review	867				867
Telephone	1,845		568	26,113	2,413
Openings		2,480			2,480
Road Expenses					26,113
Training			3,380		3,380
Gas			862		862
Miscellaneous	252	934	153		1,339
Capital Outlay			107,926		107,926
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	97,444	27,432	198,565	26,113	349,554
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND TRANSFERS OVER <i><under< i="">&gt; EXPENDITURES</under<></i>	-5,167	276	-30,616	20,240	-15,267
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	238,779	7,810	291,780	76,034	614,403
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 233,612	\$ 8,086	\$ 261,164	\$ 96,274	\$ 599,136

## **SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

## **Special Revenue Fund**

## CEMETERY TRUST FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

2008 2007

**ASSETS** 

Cash <u>\$ 1,000 \$ 1,000</u>

**FUND EQUITY** 

Fund Balance \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000

**Special Revenue Fund** 

# CEMETERY TRUST FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, TRANSFERS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008 AND 2007

	20	008	2	2007
REVENUE				
Interest	\$	40	\$	31
TRANSFERS OUT		40		31
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER TRANSFERS OUT				
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	,000		1,000
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<b>\$</b> 1	,000	\$	1,000

## **TOWNSHIP OF ROXAND**

## **AGENCY FUNDS**

## CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### **MARCH 31, 2008**

	03-31-07			03-31-08
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ -490	\$ 1,648,635	\$ 1,648,182	\$ -37
LIABILITIES				
Due/Library	\$	\$ 41,563	\$ 41,563	\$
Due/General Fund	10	213,028	213,075	-37
Due/Co. of Eaton		689,742	689,742	
Due/Schools	-500	700,800	700,300	
Due/Taxpayers		3,502	3,502	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -490	\$ 1,648,635	\$ 1,648,182	\$ -37

**Agency Funds** 

## CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

RECEIPTS	- -	\$ 1,648,635
DISBURSEMENTS		
Grand Ledge Public Schools	\$ 218,094	
Lakewood Public Schools	126,219	
Charlotte Public Schools	54,065	
Eaton County Intermediate School	133,637	
Ionia County Intermediate School	64,753	
Lansing Community College	103,532	700,300
Taxpayer Refunds and Bank Charges		3,502
County of Eaton		689,742
Township of Roxand		213,075
Library	-	41,563
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	<u>-</u>	<b>\$ 1,648,182</b>

## Karl L. Drake, P.C.

**Certified Public Accountant** 

3775 Kimmel Road

(517) 937-9333 Phone / 563-2552

Fax

Horton, Michigan 49246

Email:

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Township Board Township of Roxand

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Roxand, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township of Roxand's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township of Roxand's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township of Roxand's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township of Roxand's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township of Roxand's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Township of Roxand's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Township of Roxand's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described below to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

#### Financial Statements Preparation

The Township does not have procedures in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including procedures to record revenue and expenditure accruals, and changes in capital assets, and to present required financial statement disclosures.

#### **Budgets**

As noted in the financial statements, some of the expenditure activities of the Township exceeded the amounts appropriated.

The Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that the Township adopt formal budgets for all applicable funds, and shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. Also, the Public Act requires amendments to be performed prior to incurring additional expenditures.

We recommend the Township monitor expenditures against adopted budgets and make appropriate budget amendments as needed.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Township of Roxand's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township of Roxand's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Township Board, and the State of Michigan, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Karl L. Drake PC

Certified Public Accountant

Karl Z Dunle

June 5, 2008

## Karl L. Drake, P.C.

#### **Certified Public Accountant**

#### 3775 Kimmel Road

**Fax** 

(517) 937-9333 Phone / 563-2552

Horton Michigan 10716

Email.

June 5, 2008

Township Board Township of Roxand 100 Ionia Street, P.O. Box 127 Mulliken, Michigan 48861

I have recently completed the audit of the Township of Roxand for the year ended March 31, 2008, and would like to take this opportunity to make the following comments and recommendations.

#### Financial Summary

The General Fund completed the year with a fund balance of \$599,136. This is a decrease of \$15,267 over the prior year level. Revenue increased over prior year levels. Property tax, state and interest revenue all increased slightly. Expenditures increased this year, largely because of the fire department vehicle and equipment purchases.

The government-wide financial statements, which include fixed assets, depreciation and long-term debt demonstrate the Township remains in stable financial position. The net assets at the end of the fiscal year were \$1,019,133, which is an increase of \$39,797 over the prior year.

Thank you for the opportunity to work with the Township.

Sincerely,

Karl L. Drake, CPA

Karl Z Denle